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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/850,123	05/07/2001	Ian Hunter	1118/175	1118/175 1166 EXAMINER	
2101	7590 08/04/2004		EXAM		
BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP 125 SUMMER STREET			SODERQUIST, ARLEN		
	A 02110-1618		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1743		
			DATE MAILED: 08/04/2004	DATE MAILED: 08/04/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	y			
Advisory Action	09/850,123	HUNTER ET AL.				
, in the second production	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Arlen Soderquist	1743				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED 21 July 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THIS Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applicated abandonment of this applicated abandonent which	ation. A proper reply places the applica	y to a			
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]					
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b.  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).  Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Offic timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing a FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply once later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection IE FINAL REJECTION. R 1.136(a) and the appropriate the fee. The appropriationally set in the final.	on. See MPEP  opriate extension opriate extension Office action: or			
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF	R 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of	riod set forth in f the appeal.				
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be						
(a) X they raise new issues that would require further		ee NOTE below);				
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	•					
<ul><li>(c)  they are not deemed to place the application ir issues for appeal; and/or</li></ul>	n better form for appeal by mater	rially reducing or sin	nplifying the			
(d) they present additional claims without canceling	ng a corresponding number of fir	nally rejected claims	<b>S</b> .			
NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .						
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection.	ion(s): the obviousness type dou	ble patenting reject	ion of claim			
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed a	amendment			
The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.						
<ol> <li>The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.</li> </ol>	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	issues which were	newly			
<ol> <li>For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment( explanation of how the new or amended claims wo</li> </ol>	s) a)⊠ will not be entered or b)[ uld be rejected is provided belov	will be entered a	nd an			
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to: 2-6.						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,7,17-22 and 25-28</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 8-16 and 24						
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) appro		e Examiner.				
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	t(s)( PTO-1449) Paper No(s)					
0. Other: the terminal disclaimer filed 7-23-04 is approved		quist				

Continuation of 2. NOTE: the changes to the claims don't change the previous issues and add additional language. The change to claim 1 potentially creates an issue with claim 4 in which there is a gradient of a specified substance in the second liquid (there is not a single second liquid) prior to contacting with the second liquid.

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: of the reasons of record and the following additional comments. Relative to the 112 2nd paragraph rejection, examiner would point out that the claim does not specify what constitutes the column: the liquid or the structure which contains the liquid. Both are capable of being called a "column". The last part of claim 17 in which the liquid is transferred into each continous column appears to be referring to the structure which contains the liquid rather than the liquid. Since claim 18 clearly requires a discontinuous structure used to contain the liquid (there are gaps between platens) the claim does not appear to be within the scope of a continuous column if the column refers to the structure which contains the liquid. This is the issue and it appears to be solvable by clearly stating that the column is a column of liquid when it is present in the through-holes and the liquid is transferred into the through-holes to form the continuous liquid column.

Relative to the art rejections, examiner points out that claim 1 does not limit the manner in which the contact with the second liquid occurs and thus both simultaneous contact and serial contact are within the claim scope. Relative to claims 17-20, the figure of de Macario shown, figure 8, clearly shows the through holes in an aligned state. Relative to the diffusion of light, it appears that the diffusion of light is simply a property of passing the light through a plurality of through holes having liquid therein. At least that is the scope of the claim. Thus the diffused light appears to be simply an inherent property of the light passing through the liquid containing through holes of Davis or de Macario. If there are requirements relative to the microchannel plate (material type or thickness, microchannel diameter or density), the liquid (a single liquid or a plurality of different liquids), how it is contained in the through holes (convex or concave meniscus), or its use after passing through the microchannel plate, these are not found in claim 25. Relative to claim 26, examiner believes that applicant is arguing something equivalent to apples and oranges being the same thing. On one level they are both types of fruit, but that is where the comparison stops. A similar situation is true for the comparison between claim 1 of the Hunter patent and instant claim 26. While it is true that both claims have structure relative to the platen, that is where the comparison stops since the patented claim is directed to a method in which there are distinct steps that are required and which also figure into the consideration of the patentability of the claim. Additionally the structure while similar is also different between the two claims and considerations which might apply to the patented method claim are not commensurate in scope with or relevant to the instant apparatus claim.